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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,430	03/25/2004	Masaaki Hikosaka	C14-167089M/TRK	6969
21254	7590 09/28/2005		EXAM	INER
MCGINN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP, PLLC 8321 OLD COURTHOUSE ROAD			SNIEZEK, ANDREW L	
SUITE 200		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
VIENNA, V	A 22182-3817		2651	
			DATE MAILED: 09/28/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/808,430	HIKOSAKA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Andrew L. Sniezek	2651				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 M	arch 2004.					
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· <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,6,8 and 11-15</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,4,5,7,9 and 10</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 <i>March</i> 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
•						
A4400hm 2m4/2)						
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) D Notice of Informal Page 1	atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/25/04</u> . 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings filed 3/25/04 are acceptable to the examiner.

Priority

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement filed 3/25/04 has been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 11-15 are drawn to a "program" per se as recited in the preamble and as such are non-statutory subject matter. See MPEP § 2106.IV.B.1.a. Data structures not claimed as embodied in computer readable media are descriptive material per se and are not statutory because they are not capable of causing functional change in the computer. See, e.g., Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure per se held nonstatutory). Such claimed data structures do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and other claimed aspects of the invention, which permit the data structure's functionality to

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be realized. In contrast, a claimed computer readable medium encoded with a data structure defines structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and the computer software and hardware components which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory. Similarly, computer programs claimed as computer listings *per se*, i.e., the descriptions or expressions of the programs are not physical "things." They are neither computer components nor statutory processes, as they are not "acts" being performed. Such claimed computer programs do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and other claimed elements of a computer, which permit the computer program's functionality to be realized.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 1, 6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyamoto in view of Yasuhiro et al. (cited by applicant).

Re claims 1, 6 and 11: Miyamoto teaches a unit for reading/writing data in response to a host (personal computer) comprising an encoder (16) using at least an identification relating to the host ([0091] along with figure 3), a recording unit that reads the enoded data (10). Miyamoto does not specifically state the use of a hard disk unit as set forth, however does mention in paragraph [0038] that other mediums can be used. Yasuhiro et al. (cited by applicant) teaches that hear disk drives are well known to be used with host systems similar to that claimed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate a disk type device as taught by Yasuhiro in the arrangement of Miyamoto as an alternative medium. Claims 6 and 11 although written using method limitations are deemed to correspond to the limitations of claim 1 and are therefor satisfied by Miyamoto and Yasuhiro et al. as applied.

8. Claims 3, 8, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyamoto and Yasuhiro et al. as applied to claims 1, 6, 11 above, and further in view of Sohne et al..

The teachings of Miyamoto and Yasuhiro et al. as applied are discussed above and are incorporated herein. Claims 3, 8 and 13 additionally set forth the use of an identification relating to a disk unit or a user. Although not specifically taught by Miyamoto and Yasuhiro et al., such a feature is well known as taught by Sohne et al., page 2, lines 27-

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68 to provide an additional copy protection. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the teaching of Sohne et al. in the arrangement of Miyamoto and Yasuhiro et al. as applied to provide an additional copy protection.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The claimed arrangement as set forth in claims 2/1, 5/2/1, 7/1, 10/7/6, 12/11 and 5/12/11 that includes an encoder that flips bits in each data unit to be written, the bits having predetermined correspondence with content of the encoding key is neither taught by nor an obvious variation of the art of record. The claimed arrangement as set forth in claims 4/1, 9/6 and 14/11 wherein the encoder halts to encode the data in a case where a predetermined cancellation code is input is neither taught by nor an obvious variation of the art of record.

Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hayashi et al. and Candelore et al. are cited as showing background information related to the invention.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew L. Sniezek whose telephone number is 571-272-7563. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Hudspeth can be reached on 571-272-7843. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Andrew L. Sniezek Primary Examiner Art Unit 2651

A.L.S. 9/26/05